

CONCUSSION INFORMATION SHEET

What is a concussion? A concussion is defined as a complex pathophysiological process affecting the brain, induced by traumatic biomechanical forces.

Concussion Signs and Symptoms:

- Headache
- Blurred Vision П
- п Nausea/Vomiting
- П Loss of appetite

- Difficulty falling asleep
- Difficulty focusing/concentrating
- Feeling like your in a "fog"
- П Ringing in the ears

- Temporary loss of memory

** If any signs/symptoms worsen, take your child to the ER immediately.

** Symptoms may linger for several days.

Concussion Facts:

- Symptoms can be subtle, such as a headache or feeling sluggish. 1.
- 2. Symptoms may not surface until 48 to 72 hours after the injury.
- Recovery is individualistic, therefore recovery time cannot and should not be pre-determined. Return to participation decisions 3 should only be made by a licensed healthcare provider.

Concussion Myths:

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- 1. You have to have loss of consciousness to have sustained a concussion.
 - Studies show that less than 10% of concussions result in loss of consciousness.
 - Concussions are only a result of a direct blow to the head.
 - A concussion can be sustained by a sudden, violent movement of the head caused by an un-expected external force to ٠ the body.
- You need to wake someone every 20 minutes. 3.
 - Though it is important to check on someone periodically, it does not have to be every 20 minutes. Sleep is a crucial aspect to concussion healing. Therefore, there is no need to wake a concussed individual.
 - You need to check pupils with a flash light to see if they are dilated or un-even.
 - There is no need to do this when an individual is conscious.

Management of a Concussion:

When a concussion is suspected, it should be brought to the attention of an athletic trainer and/or a physician for further evaluation. Further tests may be recommended by your physician to rule out any bleeding.

What to avoid and do when a concussion is suspected: Things that should be considered so recovery is not delayed:

- Avoid any loud noises (Music, TV, Band practices, or listening to an IPOD)
- Avoid excessive texting, reading, video games, typing, or inter net use. All of these activities cause an increase in cognitive function . which puts a strain on the brain
- Avoid any over-the-counter medications (Advil, Motrin, Ibuprofen, Aleve) unless directed otherwise by a physician
- If a student athlete has any quizzes or tests scheduled over that next week, the school nurse, athletic director, administrator and/or guidance counselor should be contacted and made aware that a concussion is suspected and postponement or accommodations for any guizzes or exams may be warranted.
- Staying home from school may be recommended if concussed individual wakes up experiencing concussive symptoms.

Return to Participation:

** It is recommended that your child be evaluated by a physician and/or athletic trainer prior to their return to sport participation. Even after a medical release, post concussion testing must be done with an athletic trainer to see if any symptoms are re-produced. Athlete may feel fine at rest, but symptoms may be exacerbated with physical activity. Other tests may include a neuro-cognitive test which uses computer software to test cognitive functioning.

To schedule a complimentary vestibular screen please contact the nearest Athletico location.

Matteson - 4749 Lincoln Mall Dr., Ste 550 (708-283-9765)

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This guideline is for information purposes only and does not constitute medical advice.

- Irritability/Emotional
- Sensitivity to light or noises
- П Fatique/Sleepiness